

# CAROLS AND LULLABIES

*Christmas in the Southwest*

## I. ¡Oh, mi Belén!

Adapted by Conrad Susa

Calmly flowing ( $\text{d} = 40$ , feel it in one)

Piano Reduction

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is the piano reduction, marked with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo of  $\text{d} = 40$ . It features a dynamic of *mp* and a continuous eighth-note bass line. The middle staff is for Alto I & II, marked with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a dynamic of *ppp*. It includes lyrics "Oo" and a dynamic of *semper*. The bottom staff is also for Alto I & II, marked with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a dynamic of *mf cant.*

Typographical errors in the Catalan have been corrected in this edition.

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## II. El Desembre Congelat

Poco Allegro ( $\text{♩} = 80$ )

Musical score for the first system of 'El Desembre Congelat'. The score consists of four staves, each in 2/4 time with a key signature of four sharps. The vocal line begins with a sustained note followed by a series of eighth notes. The lyrics are: '(1.) El On de- sem - bre De-cem - ber's'. The dynamic is  $f$  legg.

Poco Allegro ( $\text{♩} = 80$ )

Musical score for the second system of 'El Desembre Congelat'. The score consists of two staves, each in 2/4 time with a key signature of four sharps. The vocal line features eighth-note patterns. The dynamics are  $f$  with verve and  $mf$ . The vocal line continues from the previous system.

Musical score for the third system of 'El Desembre Congelat'. The score consists of five staves, each in 2/4 time with a key signature of four sharps. The vocal line includes lyrics such as 'con - ge - lat, fro - zen ground, div.', 'Con-fús es re - ti - ra.', 'Fear and doubt de - ny - ing.', and 'Con-fús es re - ti - ra.' The dynamics include  $mf$  legg.,  $mf$ , and  $f$ .

60

*dul, sweet,*      *I ol - or amb ven - tur - a.*  
*Bless us with your rad - iance.*

*dul, sweet,*      *çu - ra \_\_\_ I ol - or amb ven - tur - a.*  
*frag - rance, \_\_\_ Bless us with your rad - iance.*

*dul sweet,*      *I ol - or amb ven - tur - a.*  
*Bless us with your rad - iance.*

*to - ta sa dul çu - ra \_\_\_ I ol - or amb ven - tur - a.*  
*All the sweet - est frag - rance, \_\_\_ Bless us with your rad - iance.*

*attacca:*

## III. Alegria

Allegretto ( $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 76$ )

*f*

*ben cant.*

#### IV. A la Nanita Nana

**Larghetto ( $\text{♩} = 88$ )**

Sopranos, Altos

7      *mp*

\*A la na - ni - ta na - na, na - ni - ta e - a, na - ni - ta e - a,

9      *mp ben cant.*

\**A la nanita nana*, the title phrase, is a cooing sound from mother to baby, and has no translatable meaning.

## V. Las Posadas

Spacious, flexible (  $\downarrow$  = ca. 56 )

Soprano I, II *p* *mf* *p tenuto*

Alto I *mf ben cant.*

(1.) *¿Quié - res que te qui - te, mi bien, de las be -*  
*Shall I have them op - en the sta - ble be -*

Alto II *p* *mf* *p tenuto*

O - - oo

Spacious, flexible ( $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 56$ )

(for rehearsal only)

5  
*pa - jas? ¿Quié - res que te a - do - ren to - dos los pas - to - res?*  
*fore you? Shall I bring the shep - herds to praise and a - dore you?*

## VI. Campana sobre Campana

**Allegro (♩ = ca. 100)**

N.B. Conductor: In the words "ding" and "dong", the *ng* should be prolonged, not the vowel. This applies throughout the movement.

5 Soprano I, II (*tutti*)  
*f* with a joyous, rough gaiety

9 Soprano I

Soprano II

Altos I, II (*tutti*)  
*f* with a joyous, rough gaiety

## VII. En Belén Tocan A Fuego

1. Alto Solo
2. Soprano Solo
3. Sopranos and Altos (tutti)

Broadly, with ardor ( $\text{♩} = 56$ )

(1.) - lén to - can a fue - go, Del por - tal sa - len las illa - mas. Por - que  
fire in Beth - le - hem, in the sta - ble see the flames! For they

(2.) - lén Na - ció un cla - vel en - car - na - do  
sta - ble there's a love - ly white car - na - tion, Que por  
It will

(3.) - na - les Y los tien- de en el ro - me - ro.  
riv - er hangs the swad - dling clothes of Je - sus, Los pa -  
All the

Broadly, with ardor ( $\text{♩} = 56$ )

sim.

(3rd time)  
To Coda

5 (1.) di - cen que ha - na - ci - do El Re - den - tor del las al - mas.  
say that born - of a Vir - gin From heav'n to earth He came! —

(2.) re - di - mir el mun - do Se ha vuel - to li - rio mo - ra - do.  
grow in to a pur - ple Li - ly. Greet the Sav - ior of the na - tions!

(3.) jar ri - lllos can la ban Y el a - gua se i - ba rien - do.  
birds a - round her are sing - ing And the riv - er flows re - joic - ingsm

(3rd time)  
To Coda

### VIII. El Noi de la Mare

**Con moto (  $\text{♩} = 68$  ) with gentle excitement, flexibly buoyant, in a dither**

*mf*

(1.) ¿Qué li da- rem a n'el Noi de la Ma - re? ¿Qué li da- rem que li sá - pi- ga bo?  
What shall we give to the child of the Mo - ther? What can we bring that will give him de - light?

*f*

(1.) ¿Qué li da- rem a n'el Noi de la Ma - re? ¿Qué li da- rem que li sá - pi- ga bo?  
What shall we give to the child of the Mo - ther? What can we bring that will give him de - light?

*mf*

(1.) ¿Qué li da- rem a n'el Noi de la Ma - re? ¿Qué li da- rem que li sá - pi- ga bo?  
What shall we give to the child of the Mo - ther? What can we bring that will give him de - light?

*mf*

(1.) ¿Qué li da- rem a n'el Noi de la Ma - re? ¿Qué li da- rem que li sá - pi- ga bo?  
What shall we give to the child of the Mo - ther? What can we bring that will give him de - light?

**Con moto (  $\text{♩} = 68$  ) with gentle excitement, flexibly buoyant**

Piano facet al  $\text{♩}$  (reduction for rehearsal only)

## IX. Chiquiriquitín

**Allegro**

Refrain:

Sop. I (*tutti*)

***mf*** playful, teasing

Sop. II (*tutti*)

***mp*** cheerfully

\*Ay, del

Alto I (*tutti*)

*unis.* ***p*** cheerfully

\*Chi- quir- ri - qui - tín,

**Allegro**

***mp***

chi - quir - ri - tín, chi- quir- ri - qui - tín, me - li - di - to en - tre pa - - - jas,

*He is*

*laid in*

*a*

*man*

*ger*

*bed*,

chi- quir- ri- qui- tín,

chi- quir- ri- qui- tín,

chi- quir- ri- qui- tín,

\*The title word is probably a variant of *chiquero*, meaning "stable," "manger" or "sty," thus, *Ay del chiquiriquitín* probably means "Oh, in the manger!"

## X. El Rorro

[This lullaby should be sung with a parent's gentle harshness at first, becoming (with each verse) more sweet and tender as the baby stops crying and goes to sleep.]

Moderato

Sop. I      *mf* (almost roughly)

(1.) \*A la ru - ru - rru, ni - ño chi - qui - to, Duer-ma - se ya - mi Je - su -  
 Sop. II      my prec-iouS ba - by, please go to sleep now my ti - ny  
 Alto I      *pp*  
 Alto II      *pp*

Moderato

- ci - to. \_\_\_\_\_ Ru - rru,  
 Je - sus. \_\_\_\_\_

*div. mf* (almost roughly)

Del el - e - fan - te has - ta el mos - qui - to Guar - den si -  
 The buz - zing bee and el - e - phants that lum - ber; Be sil - ent

*dolce*

*mp*      *pp*

Ru - rru,

Alto II      *dolce*

*mp*      *pp*

Ru - rru,

*p*      *mp*      *mf*

\**El Rorro* means "the baby," but is not used in the text of the song. *A la rurru* is another nonsense sound to lull the baby to sleep.